



City of Cincinnati

801 Plum Street
Cincinnati, OH 45202

Agenda - Final Youth & Human Services

*Chairperson Anna Albi
Vice Chair Evan Nolan
Councilmember Ryan James
Vice Mayor Jan-Michele Kearney*

Tuesday, August 4, 2026

12:00 PM

Council Chambers, Room 300

PRESENTATIONS

Grocery Delivery Pilot Program Pulse Survey

Tiffany Brown, Deputy Director

AGENDA

[202602511](#)

PRESENTATION submitted by Sheryl M. M. Long, City Manager, dated 8/4/2026, regarding the Grocery Delivery Program.

Sponsors:

City Manager

Attachments:

[Transmittal](#)
[Presentation](#)

MOTION

[202602502](#)

MOTION, submitted by Councilmember Albi, **WE MOVE** that the City Administration provide an update within 30 days on the status of items outlined in the April 16, 2025, report on Hate Crime Incident Procedures (Reference Documents #202402433, #202500166, #202500171). (BALANCE ON FILE IN THE CLERK'S OFFICE) (STATEMENT ATTACHED).

Sponsors:

Albi

Attachments:

[202602502](#)

ADJOURNMENT

August 4, 2026

To: Members of the Youth & Human Services Committee

From: Sheryl M. M. Long, City Manager

202602511

Subject: Presentation – Grocery Delivery Program

Attached is the presentation regarding the Grocery Delivery Program.

Cc: Tiffany Michelle Brown, Deputy Director, DORS

Grocery Delivery Program

Update to Youth and Human Services Committee

A before-and-after look at food security, household wellbeing, and program experience comparing what participants reported at enrollment with how they're doing after enrolling.



Tiffany Michelle Brown, MPA
Deputy Director
Department of Opportunity & Resident Services (DORS)

Agenda

- 01** Program overview
- 02** Who the program serves
- 03** Results: enrollment to check-in
- 04** Program usage and satisfaction
- 05** Resilience during extreme weather
- 06** What we learned and recommended next steps

Program Overview

Launched November 2025 to learn the impact of grocery delivery on neighborhoods with limited food access.

136

participants currently enrolled

200

maximum program capacity

\$100

grocery credit per month, for 12 months

\$1,200

total benefit per household over one year

Total program cost

\$260,000

\$240,000 City of Cincinnati funds & \$20,000 Kroger

Total individuals in Winton Hills Impacted

371

Partners

Kroger · Department of Opportunity & Resident Services (DORS) · Winton Hills Community

At a glance

Across every measure we asked at both points, households reported they were better off after enrolling.



All 9

food-security measures
improved

from enrollment to check-in



+37 pts

rating their mood
Excellent/Very Good

29% → 66%



94%

used their monthly grocery
credit

92% used all of it



87%

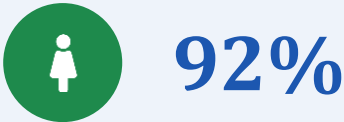
bought items they couldn't
before

agree the credit made it possible

Who the program serves



Reported at enrollment



identify as women



Black or African American



household income under \$25,000



enrolled in SNAP / EBT

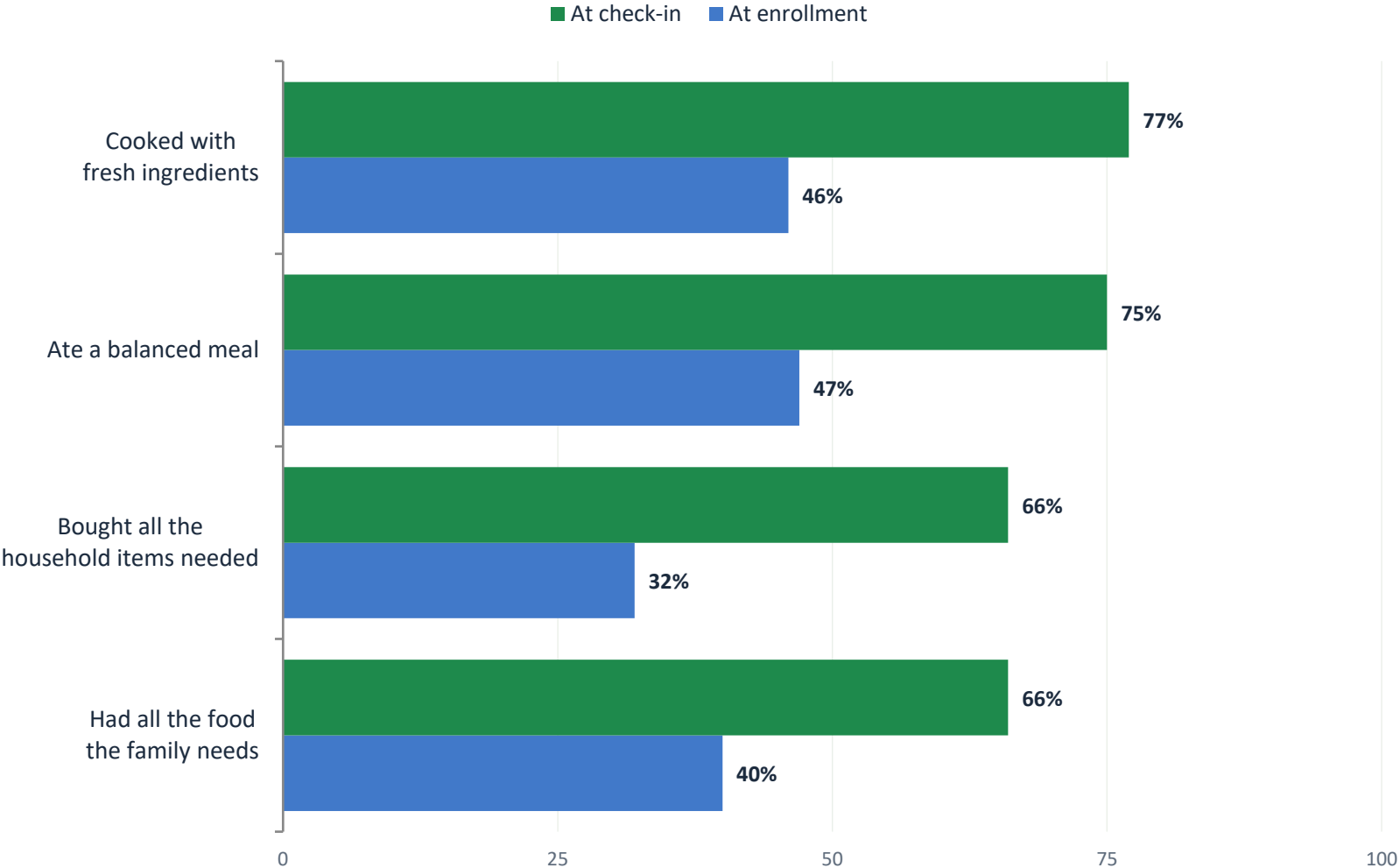


have children under 18 at home



households surveyed at enrollment

Households are getting what they need



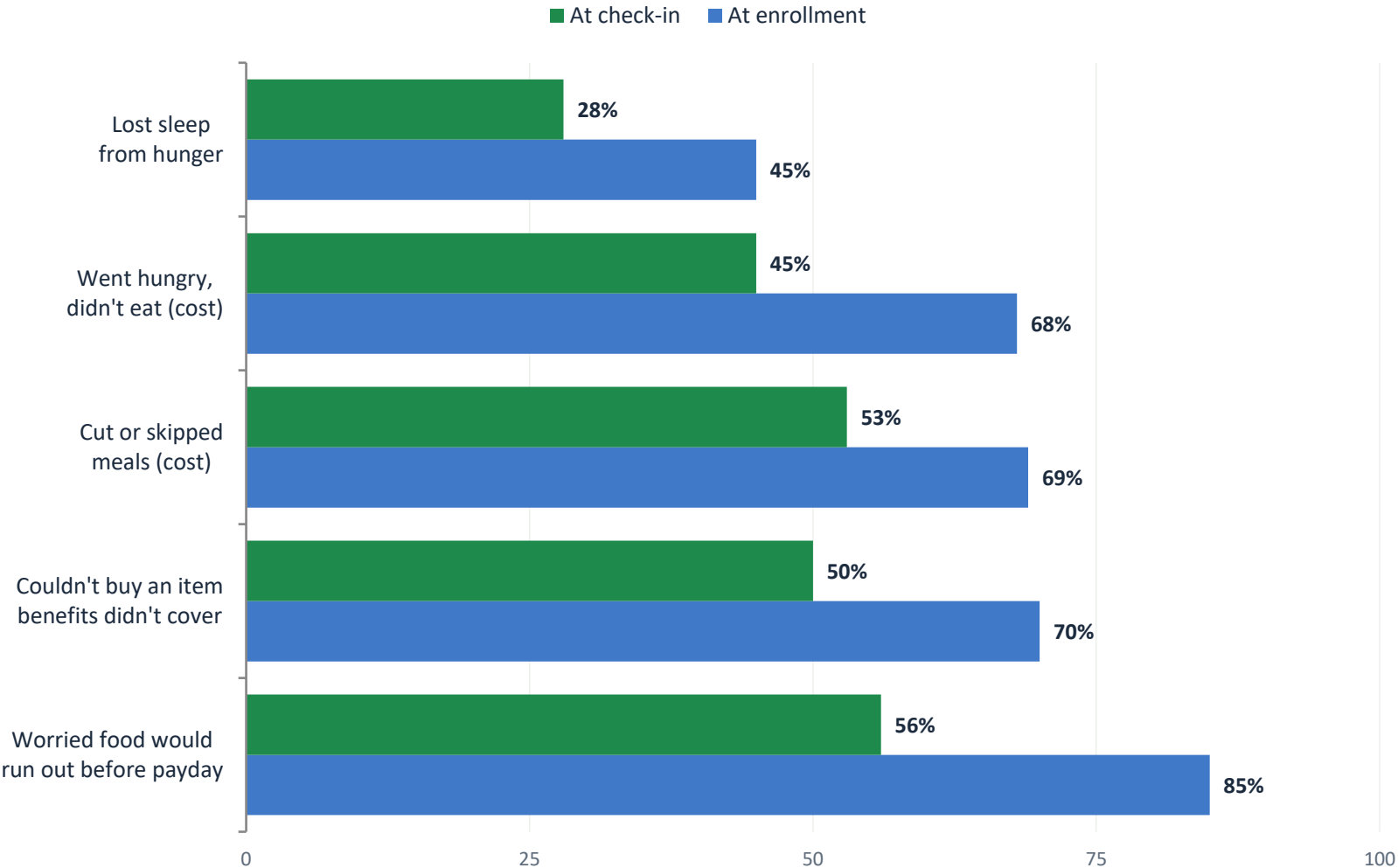
What it means

Bought all household items
doubled — from 32% to 66%.

Cooking with fresh ingredients
rose from 46% to 77%, a sign of
steadier, healthier meals.

*Every measure on this slide moved up
by 26 points or more.*

Food hardship dropped significantly



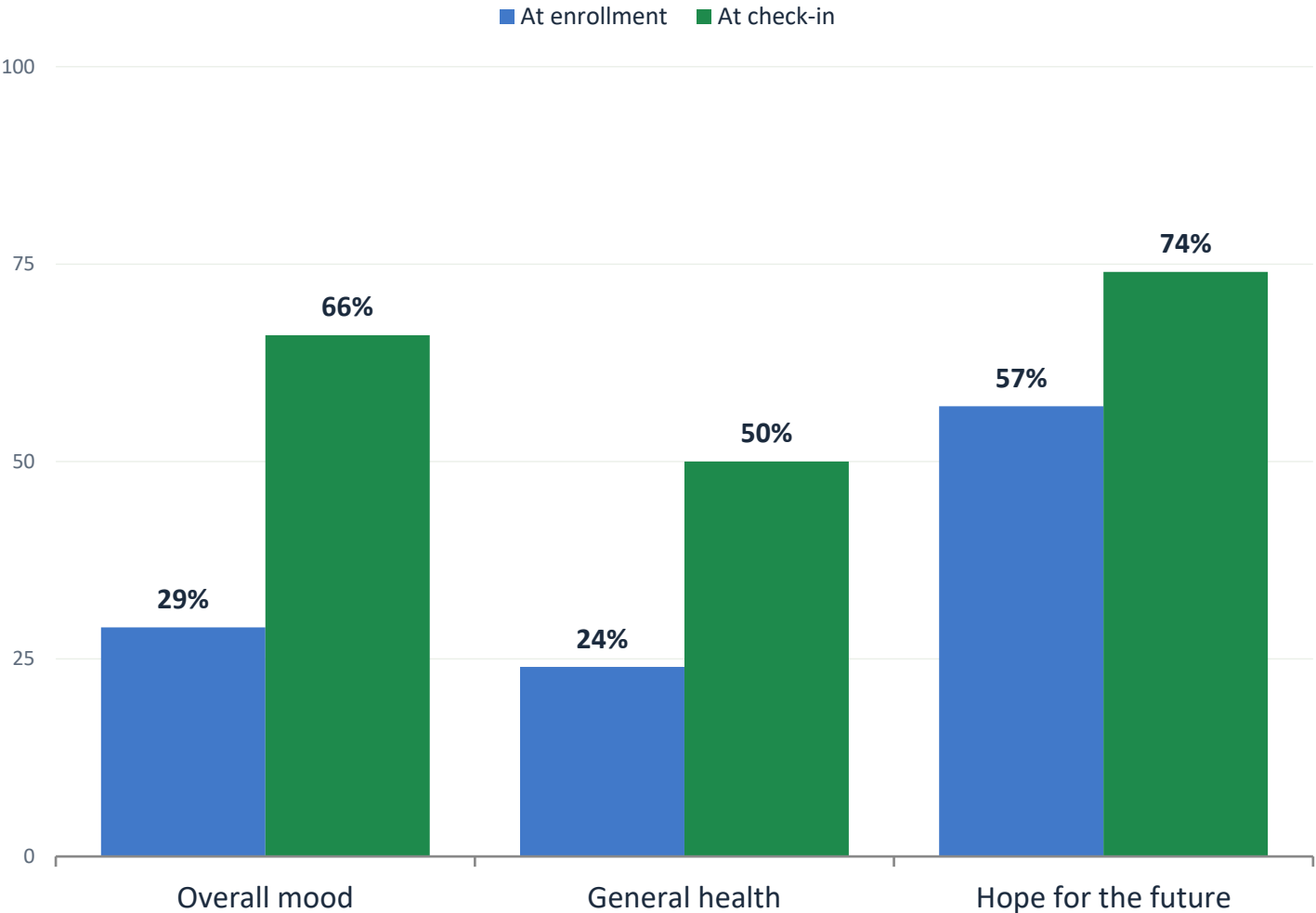
What it means

Worrying food would run out fell the most — 85% to 56%.

Going hungry to save money dropped from 68% to 45%.

Fewer households are skipping meals, losing sleep, or going without what benefits won't cover.

Mood, health, and hope all rose



Mood

29% → 66%

+37 pts



Health

24% → 50%

+26 pts



Hope

57% → 74%

+17 pts

Shopping got easier and the credit went further

Attitudes shifted between enrollment and check-in, and new affirmations emerged once people had used the program.

Before → after, % who agree



Easier shopping rose; the feeling that it eats up time fell.

New at check-in — share who agree



87%

bought items they couldn't afford before the program



85%

say the credit arrives at a time of month that helps



90%

used all the groceries that were delivered



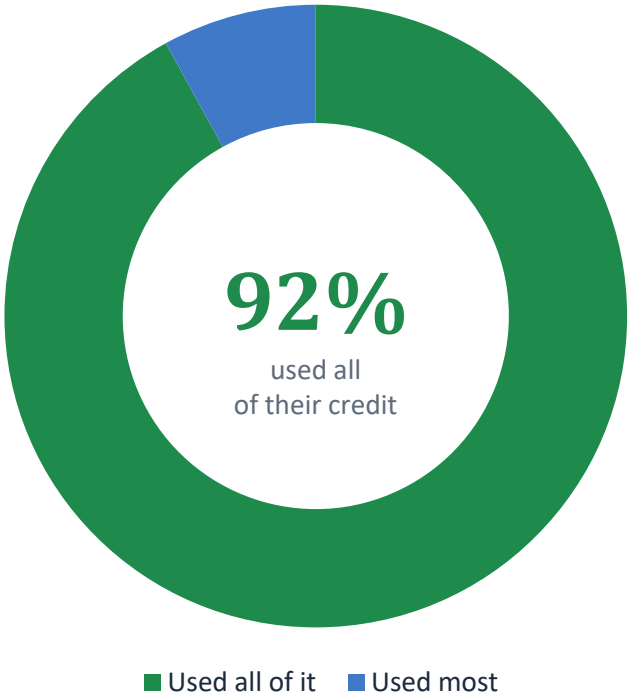
77%

find the Kroger app easy to use

Households are using the program

Reported at check-in.

How much of the monthly credit was used



94%

used their monthly grocery credit



78%

had no issues using the Kroger app



52%

never needed to contact customer service



63%

willing to share a testimonial about their experience

A lifeline during extreme weather

When cold, heat, or storms hit, delivery kept food coming — and kept people out of harm's way.

58%

used grocery delivery during an extreme weather event

93%

call delivery essential or very important in those events



Where it can be even stronger

Nearly 1 in 5 (18%) tried to use delivery during a weather event but couldn't — most often a payment or delivery-slot issue. Closing those gaps would make the program even more dependable when it matters most.

Without delivery during those events, households would have...



36%

traveled despite unsafe conditions



33%

not been able to get groceries at all



33%

had to rely on others



19%

skipped meals

In their words

Open-ended responses from the check-in survey.



“

Having groceries delivered to my door on days when I can't leave is the best!

“

It is beneficial to my family because the food stamps run out at the end of the month and my credit comes in.

“

I never have to worry about us running out of plates or trash bags — things I can't get with SNAP or WIC.

“

I love the support and the opportunity to be able to provide for my family in our time of need.

What we learned

The story between enrollment and check-in — and where to go next.



What's working

- Food security improved on all nine measures, with the biggest gains in worry, hunger, and household essentials.
- Wellbeing rose across mood, health, and hope. Mood nearly doubled.
- Take-up is strong: 94% use the credit and 92% use all of it.
- Delivery is a genuine resilience tool during extreme weather.



What could be better

- Credit amount — large families say \$100 stretches thin; consider scaling by household size.
- Balance visibility — participants want to see their remaining credit and choose when it's applied.
- Delivery slots & fees — more same-day availability; reduce reliance on paid Instacart windows.

Recommended Next Steps

- 1 Continue the pilot through its full 12-month term for all 120 enrolled households.
- 2 Work with Kroger to continue participation to spend down the remaining funds - 6 months with current participants
- 3 Expand and Scale

Questions?

Tiffany Brown, MPA

Deputy Director, Department of Opportunity & Resident Services

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WAB 2502

Anna Albi

Councilmember

July 28, 2026

Administration to Provide Hate and Crime Incident Analysis Report

WE MOVE that the City Administration provide an update within 30 days on the status of items outlines in the April 16, 2025, report on Hate Crime Incident Procedures (Reference Documents #202402433, #202500166, #202500171), including but not limited to:

1. The Status of Cincinnati Police Department's review of Procedure 12.417 (which governs officer response to criminal acts motivated by racial, religious, ethnic/national origin, sexual orientation, or other bias);
2. Progress on the CincyInsights hate crime data dashboard developed in coordination with the Office of Performance & Data Analytics, including whether the committed one year of data collection has concluded; what analysis of that data has been concluded to date (including trends, offense types, geographic distribution); and any findings, including substantiated bias-marked offense statistics;
3. Data showing the disposition of reported hate/bias incidents, specifically;
 - a. the number and percentage of incidents initially reported as non-criminal bias incidents that were subsequently referred to Cincinnati Police Department, reclassified, or elevated to criminal hate crime investigations; and
 - b. number of incidents submitted through current portal.
4. Administration should provide an update on how it has advertised the "Hate/Bias-Motivated Crimes Online Reporting" page to the public and how it is being monitored and processed by City Administration.
5. Any developments regarding a regional or non-governmental hate/bias incident reporting portals, including any outreach to or coordination with existing regional entities (e.g., LA vs Hate).

Statement

A hate and bias reporting portal is not just a data tool, it's an investment in social cohesion. Without a trusted low-barrier way to report incidents that fall short of a crime, those experiences go unseen and unheard, quietly eroding trust between residents, neighbors, and government.

A well-designed portals lets residents come forward without fear of an unwanted criminal process, gives the city real data on where bias is showing up, and signals that Cincinnati takes its residents' experiences seriously, not just the ones that become criminal cases. Cities like Los Angeles and Chicago treat these portals as community-relations tools as much as public-safety ones, because trust and belonging are the outcomes they're built to protect.

Cincinnati has the chance to build a system that strengthens ties between residents and their government, not one that only counts the damage after the fact.



Councilmember Anna Albi